

Greater caution, undoubtedly, should be observed in spending money for hard times advertising; but in hard times or in any times won't the fittest survive? Won't the most enterprising business man, the shrewdest and most careful advertiser, succeed the best?

The TIMES' circulation last week was—**223,642**—
THE LARGEST IN THE CITY.

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WASHINGTON, D. C., FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 12, 1897—SIX PAGES

ONE CENT

DISTRICT BILLS FAVORED

The Action of the Senate District Committee.

MANY WERE CONSIDERED

Reports Were Ordered on the Measures Concerning Graveyard Cemetery, the Sale of Poisons, the Regulation of Cemeteries and the Prevention of Contagious Diseases.

The Senate District Committee held its regular meeting this morning. The Senators present were Chairman McMillan and Senators Gallinger, Hainwright, Faulkner, Gibson, Smith, Martin, and Bacon. Senator Gallinger will report the House bill authorizing the sale of poisons in the District, which covers certain objections that have been made to the bill. The bill authorizing the Graveyard Cemetery trustees to borrow money to complete the work of removing bodies; the bill regulating the sale of poisons in the District, and the one to punish the importation of officers, were ordered favorably reported. Senator Faulkner was instructed to investigate the bill to regulate the sale of adulterated foods and drugs in the District, and report it favorably if he considered it advisable. He was the author of the legislation now on the statute books. The bills for the regulation of cemeteries and graves, and to prevent the spreading of contagious diseases, were ordered reported.

The same course was taken with the bill permitting the Commissioners to charge a fee for transcribing death records, the bill authorizing the supreme court to order sales of the property of insane persons for purposes of reclamation, and the one opening South Capitol street, from Livingston road to the District line.

Hall of Records.

Assistant Secretary Wake forwarded to the Senate this afternoon a letter concerning the proposed hall of records. Accompanying it is a statement concerning the site at the intersection of Ohio, Louisiana, and Tenth streets. He also forwarded, without recommendation, a proposition from E. H. Wood to sell the government the circular staircase building on Fifteenth street for a hall of records. He proposes to remodel the building and have it ready in ninety days. He fixes the price at \$245,000.

Opening North Capitol Street.

Senator McMillan this afternoon called up and passed the bill for the opening and improvement of North Capitol street, through Prospect Cemetery.

The Record for Reporters.

The Senate this afternoon passed the joint resolution to supply the Congressional Record to all regular newspaper correspondents entitled to admission to the press galleries.

For the Cadets.

Senator Fry this afternoon introduced a formal joint resolution requesting the President to direct the military and naval cadets to participate in the inaugural parade and making an appropriation for their transportation and subsistence.

The Kindergartens.

Senator Mitchell, of Wisconsin, this afternoon submitted a statement from Commissioner of Education Harrison the subject of free kindergartens. This shows that the total amount of salaries in the kindergarten department is \$21,600, and the average number of pupils is 3,341. There are 131 paid teachers.

Passed the Senate.

The bill authorizing equity courts to sell the property of insane persons for purposes of reclamation passed the Senate this afternoon.

AMBASSADOR BAYARD DINED.

The Royal Societies' Club entertained him. London, Feb. 12.—The Royal Societies' Club gave a dinner in honor of Ambassador Bayard. Among those present were the archbishop of Canterbury, the Marquis of Lorne and Lord Russell, of Killowen, lord chief justice of England, Mr. Bayard delivered one of his characteristic speeches, dwelling upon the ties that bind Great Britain and the United States, and predicting that they would grow stronger with the course of time, as the two peoples came to understand each other better.

Referring to the Anglo-American Arbitration Treaty.

Referring to the Anglo-American arbitration treaty, Mr. Bayard said that now the principle of arbitration had been admitted, he did not believe that the treaty could be permanently obstructed, though there might be delay in bringing it into operation.

Disfranchising Speakers at a Banquet.

Richmond, Va., Feb. 12.—Among the speakers at the annual banquet last night of the Richmond Bar Association were Judges Griffin and Braxton, of the United States circuit court of appeals, and Gen. Bradley T. Johnson. Judge Griffin referred to the rumors connecting his name with a Cabinet position, but was very non-committal. Gen. Johnson took strong grounds in favor of the struggling States and predicted that Cuba would eventually become a part of the United States.

A Notorious Burglar Arrested.

Columbus, Ohio, Feb. 12.—Warden Coffin, of the State prison, was advised last evening of the arrest at Paris, Texas, of Adolph Sims, a notorious burglar, who escaped from the State prison in November 8, 1896. Sims' specialty is the looting of hotels. His plan is to secure a position in the hotel for his wife as chambermaid, who is to get the plan of the house, and with this he makes an easy haul.

Near the End of the Rope.

Louisville, Feb. 12.—A dispatch from Frankfort says the court of appeals will today overrule the petition for rehearing in the Jackson and Walling cases. This will be final, and it remains with the governor to fix the date for the execution of the murderers of Pearl Bryan.

A Tariff on Cotton Wanted.

Savannah, Ga., Feb. 12.—The planters of Sea Island cotton in Pierce county, Ga., held a convention at Blackbeard, Ga., yesterday. It was decided to memorialize Congress to put a tariff duty on Sea Island cotton imported from Egypt.

No Quorum in Oregon.

Salem, Ore., Feb. 12.—The joint assembly met at noon yesterday, but no quorum being present, adjournment was had until noon today.

ANXIETY ABOUT THE ST. PAUL.

Uncertainty as to the Big American Liner's Whereabouts.

London, Feb. 12.—A dispatch from Southampton says that the statement wired from that place this morning that the American liner St. Paul is anchored off the Needles was not given out by the steamship company's officials as a fact, but merely as a matter of surmise. The officers of the American line at Southampton are besieged with inquiries seeking information as to the whereabouts of the ship, and at 1 o'clock this afternoon it was estimated at the company's offices that no news had been received that would definitely locate the St. Paul, but it was surmised that she was off the Needles. The fog is still very heavy, and a great deal of anxiety for the safety of the ship is felt by those having friends on board of her. The weather at St. Catharine's Point, Isle of Wight, is heavy, and the sky is overcast and hazy. Pwllie Point, the Lizard, and the Scilly Islands are enveloped in dense fog. The North German Lloyd's Steamship Company here says that the company's steamer Spree, from Bremen, February 9, for Southampton and New York, which was detained outside by fog yesterday, succeeded in getting away yesterday by proceeding with great caution through the fog.

ROCKEFELLER'S BIG GIFT

A Quarter of a Million to Pay Off Baptist Mission Debts.

It is Made Conditional Upon the Raising of \$236,000 Before the First of July.

New York, Feb. 12.—At a meeting of prominent Baptists in this city last night at his residence, Mr. J. D. Rockefeller promised to contribute \$250,000 toward paying off the total indebtedness of \$485,000 resting upon the Baptist Foreign and Home Missionary Societies. To pay the two debts which have accumulated on the Home and Foreign Missionary Societies within the last four years, the gross amount required by April 1, 1897, is \$485,000—\$386,000 for the Home Mission Society. As the meeting progressed, Mr. Rockefeller authorized the statement that he did not wish to put the attitude of seeming to make a pledge and laying conditions as a burden upon others to fulfill; nevertheless, if, in the judgment of the secretaries of these societies and of leading contributors the exigencies required the payment of these debts, and since he had been asked to join in the effort, he stood ready to contribute the sum of \$250,000 toward the \$485,000 needed, provided other friends of the societies would subscribe the other \$236,000 by July 1, 1897.

The report was received with tumultuous cheering and the doxology was sung, all rising. A committee was appointed to consider what action should be taken in view of Mr. Rockefeller's offer. Dr. W. H. P. Faubus, pastor of the Fifth Avenue Baptist Church, then took the chair and called on Mr. Rockefeller. Mr. Rockefeller referred to his deep interest in the object of the meeting and his great concern for the success of the movement to pay the debts.

ACCUSED OF PARRICIDE.

Two Young Boys Charged With Murdering Their Father.

San Francisco, Feb. 12.—The steamer Alameda, which arrived from Sydney yesterday, brought the particulars of an atrocious murder in Australia. Thomas Phillips, of Cassilis, was shot in the head, after which his body was burned to a cinder. Two sons of the murdered man, Charles, aged fourteen, and Daniel, aged sixteen years, have been arrested on suspicion. The authorities, while not giving out the details of the evidence against the boys, say they have sufficient proof of their guilt.

MR. WILSON CONGRATULATED

He Will Not Talk About the Proffer of His New Honors.

It Would Be Undignified, He Says, to Do So Before Being Officially Notified.

The announcement of Postmaster General Wilson's election as president of Washington and Lee University is the sole topic of conversation in official and departmental circles today. When Mr. Wilson reached his office in the Postoffice building, he was immediately besieged by a host of clerks who desired to congratulate him on the proffer made to him by the trustees of the Virginia College.

Mr. Wilson maintained a dignified silence, and refused to state whether he would or would not accept the offer. "It will be time enough for me to talk," he said, "when I am officially notified that I have been elected to fill the chair. Since no such notification has come to me, I do not think it would be dignified in me to talk at the present time."

It is generally understood, however, that the Postmaster General will accept the new position, and will enter upon the duties of the office at the opening of the college next September. It is said that Mr. Wilson has grown weary of political life, and will gladly accept this opportunity to abandon its cares and responsibilities.

It was only at the earnest solicitation of President Cleveland that Mr. Wilson agreed to accept a position in the Cabinet. Since he has been a member of the President's official family, it is said, he has frequently spoken to Mr. Cleveland of his desire to get away from politics. Mr. Wilson, it has long been regarded, as one of the most prominent literatures of the country, and is well equipped to become the head of the institution that was once presided over by Gen. Robert E. Lee.

Mrs. Effie Snow in an Asylum.

Seals on Lafayette square grand stand now on sale at 1420 F street.

THE TIMBER-CULTURE LAW

Mr. Hill's Resolution Concerning It Was Agreed To.

THE CLAYTON-BULWER TREATY

Senator Morgan's Resolution to Abrogate It Went Over Till Tomorrow—The Indian Appropriation Bill Was Reported—Another Executive Session.

Senate joint resolution, appropriating \$5,000 to enable the secretary of the Senate to pay expenses of the inaugural ceremony, was reported and passed in the Senate today. Also Senate bill to authorize the appointment of an additional judge of the United States court in the Indian Territory. A bill was introduced by Mr. Frye for the participation of the cadets of the military and naval academies in the inaugural parade. Referred.

A resolution was offered by Mr. Hill and was agreed to, reciting facts in regard to the arrest in Cuba of Sylvester Seovel, a newspaper correspondent, and requesting the secretary of State to use his good offices with the Spanish government in Seovel's behalf so as to have him removed to Havana.

A joint resolution was introduced by Mr. Morgan, and went over till tomorrow, denouncing the Clayton-Bulwer treaty of April 19, 1850, abrogated.

The resolution offered yesterday by Mr. Pettigrew instructing the Committee on Public Lands to investigate the issue of the Perrine patent to lands in Florida was laid before the Senate, and was under the rule referred to the Committee on Contingent Expenses.

The Indian appropriation bill was reported and placed on the calendar. The bill which was recalled from the President some days ago to repeal the timber-culture law, was laid before the Senate, and Mr. Hill offered a resolution referring the bill to the Judiciary Committee, with instructions to examine and report whether, under the Constitution, Congress has the power to recall a bill from the President after it has passed both houses and been sent to him, where no emergency error is alleged. After some discussion the resolution was agreed to.

The Senate bill, referring to the Court of Claims the claim of Stewart & Co., for cotton seized by the government between 1861 and 1862, was passed. The Senate, at 1 p. m., proceeded to the consideration of executive business.

In the House.

Chaplain Couden in his prayer in the House today, referring to the trouble in Crete, invoked the Lord to hasten the day when pure and unadorned religion might be spread abroad and the prophecy of old fulfilled.

The House went into committee of the whole on the Postoffice appropriation bill. The general debate was limited to one hour.

Mr. Brownwell opposed the item of \$196,000 for special mail facilities between Boston and New Orleans.

COIL BUCK AT CANTON.

The Well-Known Georgian Regarded as a Cabinet Possibility.

Canton, Ohio, Feb. 12.—The President-elect did not feel lonely when he entered his library this morning. There were more than thirty callers gathered there by 9 o'clock. Visitors of importance did not come until some hours later.

The 1 o'clock train brought Col. E. A. Buck, of Georgia, who is one of the foremost men of Atlanta, and who is the leader of the Republican party in his State. Col. Buck lunched with Major McKinley and had a long talk with him. It is not improbable that he may become a prominent Cabinet possibility.

M. A. Hanna passed through Canton on a special train this morning, with a number of guests, who are to be present at the banquet of the Republican League Club at Zanesville, Ohio, tonight. It is rumored today that P. C. Knox, the Pittsfield attorney, who visited Major McKinley Wednesday, has been offered the position of Solicitor General, but the report has not been confirmed.

CONTESTING HIS WIFE'S WILL.

Dr. Sumner A. Mason Antagonizes His Son and Daughter.

Dr. Sumner A. Mason, of 128 West 127th street, New York, has given notice to Register of Will J. N. McMillan that he will contest the will of the late Emma J. Mason, who died in this city last November. The will of the deceased left all the property to her son and daughter, G. Ernest Mason and Lillie M. F. Mason, who are also named executor and executrix respectively. The testament is dated September 12, 1894.

The notice of contest is in the form of a letter, in which Dr. Mason claims to be a husband of the deceased, and a co-heir with his children. Another reason for his objection to the probate of the will is that he is a judgment creditor of his wife to the amount of \$3,000.

MR. WRIGHT RENOMINATED.

He Will Continue to Fill the Place of Commissioner of Labor.

President Cleveland this afternoon renominated Carroll D. Wright, of Massachusetts, as Commissioner of Labor. Mr. Wright has charge of the Census Bureau. There is no doubt that the Senate will confirm his nomination, but it is not known whether President-elect McKinley will continue him in charge of the Twelfth Census.

THE FLEET AT CHARLESTON.

All the Warships on the Alert for the Vesuvius.

Charleston, S. C., Feb. 12.—Nothing of much consequence was done on or by the fleet yesterday. About noon the Amphitrite came up to the city and anchored off the custom house pier, where she still lies. An officer from the New York came up to the town and made contracts for coal for all the fleet, and the Amphitrite will be the first one to have her bunkers filled. The New York, Maine, Columbia and Marblehead lay within a cable's length of one another until nearly dark, and then they resumed their position of the night before. During the day they practiced for exercise with their secondary batteries, and then practiced at night with the aid of their searchlights.

There is no longer a doubt that the fleet is now actually engaged in its blockade work. The Vesuvius is locked for coal, and from official sources on shipboard it is learned that the Dolphin may return to Charleston from Jacksonville as a blockade runner.

THE ARCHBISHOP PLEADED

Keane's Reception by the Pope All That Could Be Desired.

His Displacement From the University Purely a Matter of Pedagogical Routine.

New York, Feb. 12.—A special cablegram from the Journal's correspondent in Rome, Italy, says: I have just seen Archbishop Keane, of Washington, and found him jubilant over the reception given him by the pope and the dignities conferred upon him. Archbishop Keane made this statement: "The pope said to me: 'I am greatly shocked and grieved by these machinations who are so busy in the American press. The idea that anyone would try to put me in the position of disapproving the spirit of service of Cardinal Sallati or of publicly disgracing you never occurred to me.' The change in the rectorship of the Washington University was submitted to me as a purely pedagogical routine matter. I was astonished and indignant when I learned that mischievous rumors had misrepresented the meaning of my action. I desire to denounce their statements, and to give evidence of my love and esteem for you. My answer to your enemies will be a substantial one. The policy of the holy see in America is unchangeable."

Soon after this conversation the pope conferred five dignities on Archbishop Keane in one day, making him archbishop of Damascus, assistant bishop to the throne, canon of the Cathedral of St. John of Lateran, adviser to the propagandist and adviser to the college of sacred studies.

NO TURKS TO LAND ON CRETE

Greece Notifies England That She Will Not Permit It.

The Russian Black Sea Squadron Ready to Leave Sebastopol at Any Hour.

London, Feb. 12.—The Greek care of affairs here has informed Lord Salisbury that his government has decided to prevent the Turks from landing any reinforcements upon the island of Crete.

Constantinople, Feb. 12.—

The Porte has given assurance to the powers that Turkey will not send reinforcements to Crete.

Canea, Crete, Feb. 12.—Georgi Berovitch Pashin, the Christian governor of Crete, having been menaced by the Moslems, has taken refuge in the Greek consulate, and his wife has found an asylum at the French consulate, pending their departure from the island.

The Christians, after a prolonged fight, have driven the Moslems into Canea, and are now holding the suburbs of the town.

New York, Feb. 12.—A special cable dispatch from St. Petersburg says: In certain diplomatic quarters lately there exists exceedingly speculative and nervous anxiety concerning the Black Sea squadron, which is collected and ready to steam at any hour from Sebastopol. Here the admiralty staff has been busied calculating exactly the time in which the most rapid route could be made from Sebastopol to Constantinople. Also how quick the British fleet would be able to get to the Golden Horn.

As alarmist rumors are gaining ground, it will be useful to publish the true situation as told by one who has the best reason to tell the truth. The words were: "The Russian fleet is prepared to go for the purpose of being Constantinople, but to start at once if England were to attempt any such movement, in which case it would mean a fight to the end."

The feeling here is a growing impatience at the Cretan turbulence, and still more of the Greek intrigues, and this is reflected in the press.

London, Feb. 12.—A dispatch from Constantinople says that 3,000 Cretan insurgents are known to be concentrated in the vicinity of Canea, awaiting the arrival of arms, ammunition and equipment from Spinalia, on the south coast, near the western extremity of the island of Crete, where they have been landed by expeditions from Greece. When these supplies are received, the dispatch says, it is the intention of the insurgents to make an attack upon Canea. The dispatch adds that the Turkish authorities are now convinced that the pacification of the island can only be effected by European occupation.

THE RED CROSS IN CUBA

Miss Barton Will Be Permitted to Extend Relief.

SPAIN GIVES HER CONSENT

A Letter From Minister De Lome Discloses the Efforts the Red Cross Leader Has Been Making. American Sympathy May Now Send Relief for Cuban Destitution.

American help through the Red Cross Society can now for the first time be rendered to the suffering in Cuba. Miss Barton, at the head of the American Red Cross, is making active preparations to take advantage of the privilege offered by a recent letter to her from Minister De Lome. Senor Quesada, the Cuban representative here, is today in New York, and it is understood, is directing the details by which American sympathy can be made effective.

Miss Barton offered the services of herself and associates as individuals to carry relief to the destitute in Cuba soon after her return from America. The only condition was that money be furnished. At the same time she made application to the Spanish government to be allowed the privileges necessary for the proposed work.

This request was sent through Minister De Lome to the Spanish government. Before a reply could be given it was necessary to communicate with Gen. Weyler at Havana. This was done, and after the usual delays incidental to diplomatic correspondence, the reply came that the conditions would permit Miss Barton's wishes to be granted.

This was forwarded to Senor de Lome, and a few days ago he sent the following letter: "Dear Miss Barton: I duly communicated to my government the proposition made by you to go to Cuba, with the view of conveying the aid of the American people to the sufferers in consequence of the war. I have just received a cablegram from the Duke of Tetuan, informing me that the government of his majesty, the King of Spain, after consulting with the commander-in-chief, accepts your benevolent offer. I am instructed in the same cablegram to convey to you the thanks of his majesty, the queen, and the Spanish government for your gracious intentions and views. Believe me, very respectfully yours, 'E. Dupuy De Lome.'"

Miss Barton expects as soon as funds are put in her hands for the purpose to carry a relief corps to the seat of war in Cuba.

AN ALEXANDRIA CRUSADE.

Chief of Police Webster Is After Houses of Ill-Repute.

Chief of Police James F. Webster, of Alexandria, at 2 o'clock today, instructed his men to secure the names of all persons living in houses of ill-fame, and of all persons suspected of living in adultery, and report to him.

He will issue warrants for their arrest. He directed that this work be done at once.

This is in the line of the moral crusade recently instituted. Each officer is responsible for his own beat, and is expected to see that all such houses are inspected. It is believed that the crusade in this movement will implicate some prominent people.

The order is general, and no one will be spared.

THE THEOSOPHICAL CRUSADE.

Blavatsky's Disciples Returning From Their World's Tour.

San Francisco, Cal., Feb. 12.—The theosophical crusaders expected from Australia arrived on the steamer Alameda this morning. The party left Boston last April on a journey around the world, their purpose being to institute a renewal of theosophy.

The company consists of Ernest Hargrove, honorary president of all the national organizations and acting president of the society in America; Mrs. Katherine A. Tingley, successor of Mme. Blavatsky, in the occult religion; Mrs. A. L. Cleather, H. T. Patterson, F. M. Pierce, and Mrs. Claude Falls Wright, all of New York, and the Rev. W. Williams, of London.

The crusaders expect to remain for some time in California, and to establish here a temple and school of theosophy.

Gen. Shelby Sinking.

Adrian, Mo., Feb. 12.—A messenger who arrived last night from the home of Gen. Joseph O. Shelby, near here, reports the general's condition as unchanged. He remains unconscious, and is generally growing weaker.

Cashier Sauer Acquitted.

Defiance, Ohio, Feb. 12.—After two trials Andrew Sauer was yesterday acquitted of the charge of perjury. Sauer was cashier of the Defiance Savings Bank when it failed for \$135,000 in 1892, and it was charged that he had sworn to false reports of the bank's condition to the State auditor.

Strikers Ordered Back.

Elwood, Ind., Feb. 12.—The employees of the McArthur Lamp Chimney Factory, who walked out on Wednesday, have, it is rumored, been ordered back by the association, as they are said to have broken the arrangement in walking out, and the association could not support them in their stand. It is said the factory will resume operations in a few days.

In Honor of Gen. Grant.

Albany, N. Y., Feb. 12.—The senate yesterday passed the Ellsworth bill to make April 27, 1897, Gen. Grant's birthday, a half-holiday in New York State.

Count Von Trosburg's Suicide.

Vienna, Feb. 12.—Count Von Trosburg, brother of the Austrian Ambassador to France, committed suicide in this city last evening by shooting himself with a revolver.

The Deaths of a Day.

C. J. Shute Drew, at Melrose, Mass., yesterday.

M. F. H. DeHaas, at Brooklyn, N. Y., Wednesday.

June S. L. Stockbridge, at Baltimore, yesterday. Aged fifty-five.

Capt. Philip Harall, at Richmond, last night.

A Pair of Blinds for \$1.00. The finest made; any size. Frank Libbey & Co., 623 N. 3rd St. N. Y. Ave.

HE IS AN IRISH DYNAMITER.

But Charles Young Is Not His Right Name.

Rockford, Ill., Feb. 12.—Charles Young, the man who, on Wednesday last, shot two women at the American Hotel, has acknowledged that Young is not his name, he having taken that alias when he was compelled to leave England a year ago, having been hanged up in a gang of Irish dynamiters, who were at work in London, thirteen of whom have since been imprisoned, and the others escaped to this country.

THE END OF A QUARREL.

Thomas French, a Baltimore Lad, Was Shot by His Brother.

Baltimore, Feb. 12.—Thomas J. French, and his brother Michael, aged twenty and seventeen years, respectively, engaged in a quarrel yesterday afternoon at the home of their mother on Dolphin street, and Michael shot Thomas in the back, causing his death from internal hemorrhages.

It is claimed by Michael that the shooting was accidental, but a younger brother, aged seven, declares that the two principals to the tragedy renewed an old dispute. The mother of the boys is a widow. Michael was locked up for a hearing, which is set for this afternoon.

SEEN WITH ENGLISH EYES

The Cuban Situation Described by a British Consul.

He Says the War May Last for Years, and Regards Gomez as a Genius.

New York, Feb. 12.—A dispatch from Havana says: England is desirous of being informed regarding the state of affairs in the island of Cuba. Mr. Gosling, the vice consul of Great Britain here, under instructions from his government, has made a trip of investigation throughout the island, and sent his report to the foreign office in London. Though great secrecy naturally has been preserved at the British consulate concerning the matter, it is known that the report is not at all favorable to Spain.

The British diplomatic agent considers that the Spanish government maintains Cuba to an incredible extent, and that the immoralities of the Spanish administration are beyond description. With regard to the war, Mr. Gosling believes that, as it is being carried on now, it may last many years. The insurgents cannot be conquered by the Spanish army. Though the Cuban soldiers are not trained veterans and deficiencies in discipline may be observed in their ranks, their leaders are as a rule wonderful strategists, far superior to the best Spanish generals. Maximo Gomez, in the opinion of Mr. Gosling, is a military genius.

The Spanish reports that he is fleeing from one place to another to avoid the attacks of the Spanish troops are false. He always controls the province in which he operates. Moreover, he directs the whole Cuban army from one end of the island to the other, and his subordinates admire and adore him.

In Santiago de Cuba, Gen. Calixto Gariasis master of the situation. The Spanish columns refuse to engage in any serious fighting and always take refuge in the fortified towns.

Through Camaguey, Las Villas, Matanzas, and Havana, the Cuban bands are swarming. Around the capital itself and in a small territory where there are neither mountains nor forests in which the Cubans might shelter themselves, they show a degree of boldness that is amazing in view of the Spanish army and the odds against them. Pinar del Rio is not pacified at all, and the Spanish officials report themselves prove that fighting is going on daily there.

Coulter's Body Sent to Annapolis.

The body of Thomas Coulter, who was killed by a train at Hyattsville, as related in The Morning Times, was taken from the hospital to White's undertaking establishment this morning, and will be sent to Annapolis for burial this afternoon. A brother of Coulter reached the city today.

MONEY FOR WATER SUPPLY

Secretary Lamont Asks for \$831,267 for the Needed Increase.

A Request From the Treasury Department That Appropriation Be Available Till Expended.

The Secretary of War today sent to Congress a report of the bill to increase the water supply for the District. He says it is understood from members of the House District Committee that the subject of increasing the water supply has recently been under consideration in that committee.

They were unable to do anything, it was stated, for the reason that no estimate had been submitted to Congress as to the cost of the proposed improvements.

With the report of the Secretary of War is a letter from Acting Secretary of the Treasury Scott Wick, in which it is stated that \$831,267 is the total which it is estimated will be necessary to make the desired changes.

In this letter Mr. Wick further requests that should the appropriation be made, the use of it shall not be limited to the next fiscal year, but that it be made available till the work contemplated shall be completed.

No New Trial for Murderer Braun.

Boston, Feb. 1